


# Action Research:

## Self-directed Professional Development


- Professional Development/Teacher Appraisal
  - Purpose? to help us become better teachers
  - That's great – doesn't apply
  - When was the last time you were actually in a classroom?
  - Thanks – Already learned this stuff in college
- Action Research as a tool
  - Direct application within your classroom, right now
  - Self-directed professional development
  - Think of a problem in your classroom/area of interest (frame of reference)



## What Is Action Research?

- Derived from problem-based learning model
- Planned inquiry
- Reflective practice
- Real-time, real-world application

- Good teachers already use reflective practice to make themselves better... AR is just a formalization of this reflection and goal setting.



## Traditional vs. Action Research

■ Explanation	...	Improvement
■ Knowledge	...	Development
■ Experimentation	...	Perspectives
■ Universal	...	Local

■ Source: Schmuck, 1997

- Difference is in the objectives, means, and scope:
  - TR seeks explanations for what is, AR seeks progress toward what should be
  - TR broadens knowledge base, AR develops teachers and learners collaboratively
  - TR uses experimentation to gain perspective, AR uses various perspectives to solve problems and make changes
  - TR creates generalizations for universal application, AR creates solutions for local application



## Action Research is...

- Practical
- Participative
- Empowering
- Interpretive
- Tentative
- Critical

■ Source: Schmuck, 1997

- Practical – already discussed
- Participative – students are participants in the process, not subjects in an experiment
- Empowering – developing metacognition and reflective teaching
- Interpretive – gaining understanding through various perspectives
- Tentative – continuous cycle of change and improvement, not one final answer
- Critical – holding a mirror up to ourselves... challenging and sometimes painful



## Phases of Action Research

- **Initiation: Research *for* Action**
  - Find and shape problem
  - Collect and analyze data
  - Implement strategies
- **Detection: Research *in* Action**
  - Collect and analyze data
- **Judgment: Research *of* Action**
  - Evaluate results
  - Plan future actions

■ Sources: Sagor, 1992 & Schmuck, 1997



## Phase I: Initiation

- **Select focus**
  - “Hot” topics (cooperative learning, testing, brain-compatible classroom, etc.)
  - Areas of interest
  - Forces inhibiting/promoting progress
  - Goals not being achieved
- **Breadth/depth**
  - Answerable questions
  - One to two year scope



## Phase I: Initiation

- Shape problem
  - Discrepancy between what is and what should be
- Collect data as evidence of discrepancy
- Research analysis
- Select and plan interventions



## Phase II: Detection

- Implement solutions
- Collect and analyze data





## Phase III: Judgment


- Evaluate results of implemented solutions
- Reflect on implementation phase and effectiveness of solutions
- Plan future interventions and research
- Publish results



## Potential Research Topics:

- Ability Grouping
- Classroom Management
- Cooperative Learning/Peer Tutoring
- Bilingual Instruction
- Learning Theory

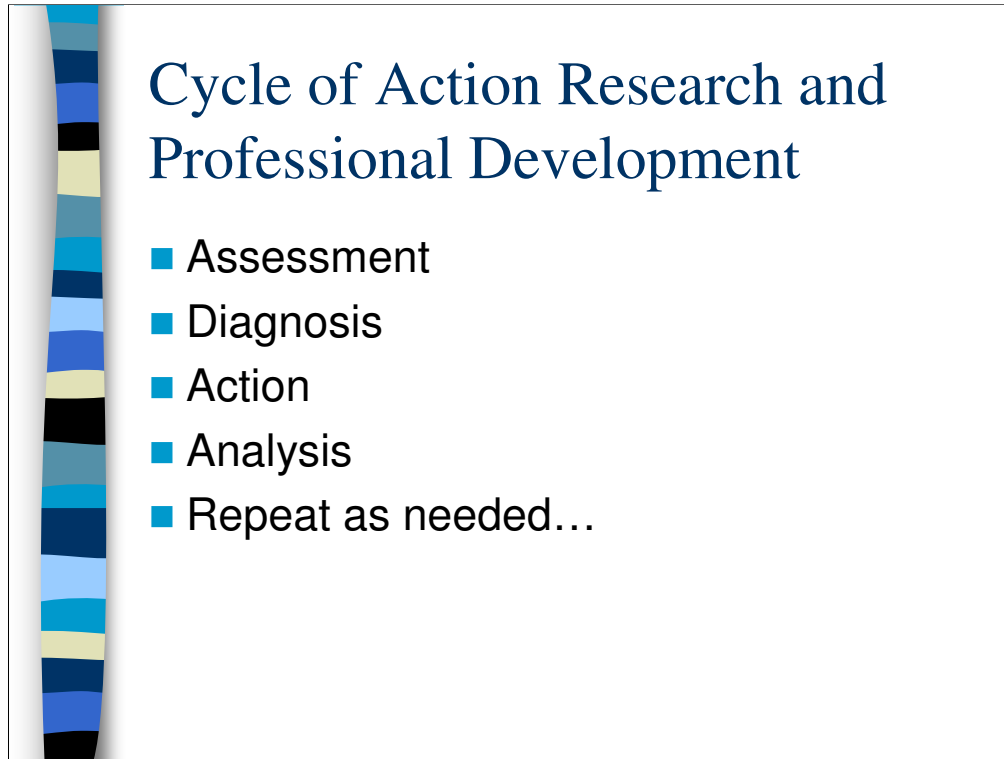
■ Source: Berliner & Casanova, 1996



## Potential Research Topics:

- Motivation
- Parent Involvement
- Citizenship/Character Education
- Performance/Authentic Assessment
- Standardized Tests/Test Anxiety
- Others?

- Multiple intelligences
- Assessment strategies
- State standards (implementation)





## Resources

- [www.reecezone.com/portfolio](http://www.reecezone.com/portfolio)
  - Action research project in progress
- [www.reecezone.com/EDUC630.htm](http://www.reecezone.com/EDUC630.htm)
  - Web resources for action research
- FirstSearch
  - Databases of professional journals and dissertations
  - Available through Riverdale's library



## References

- Berliner, D. C., & Casanova, U. (1996). *Putting research to work in your school*. Arlington Heights, IL: Skylight Professional Development.
- Sagor, R. (1992). *How to conduct collaborative action research*. Alexandria, VA: Association of Supervision and Curriculum Development.
- Schmuck, R. A. (1997). *Practical action research for change*. Arlington Heights, IL: Skylight Professional Development.